Gas Dynamics and Star Formation in Dwarf Galaxies

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With financial support from the John Templeton Fundation.

Outline

- Overview on Dwarf Galaxies:
 Structure, dynamics, and evolution
- Starburst Dwarf Galaxies:
 Key objects for galaxy evolution and stellar feedback

• Tidal Dwarf Galaxies:

A new channel to form low-mass galaxies?

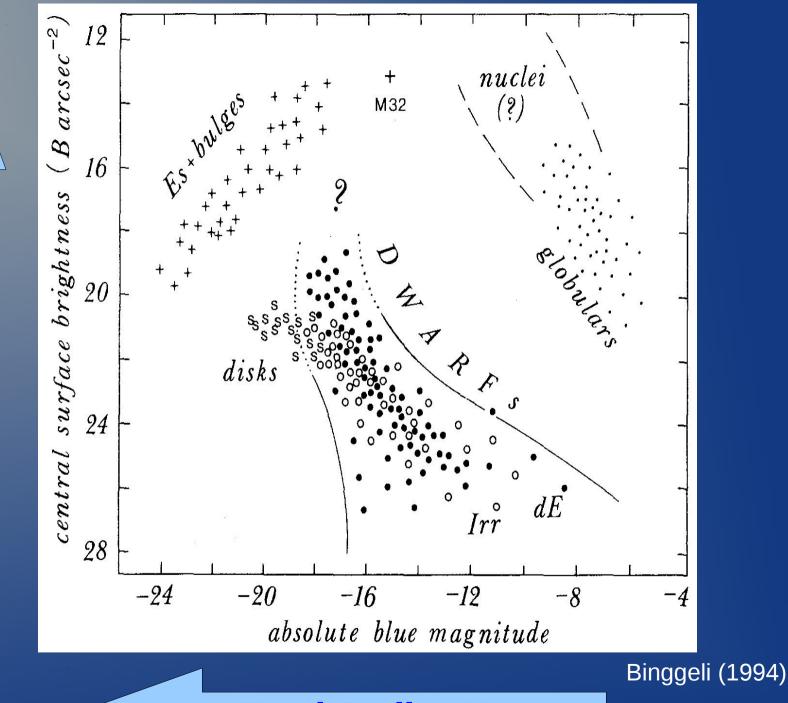
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Gas Dynamics and Star Formation in Dwarf Galaxies

Overview on Dwarf Galaxies

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Overview on Dwarf Galaxies

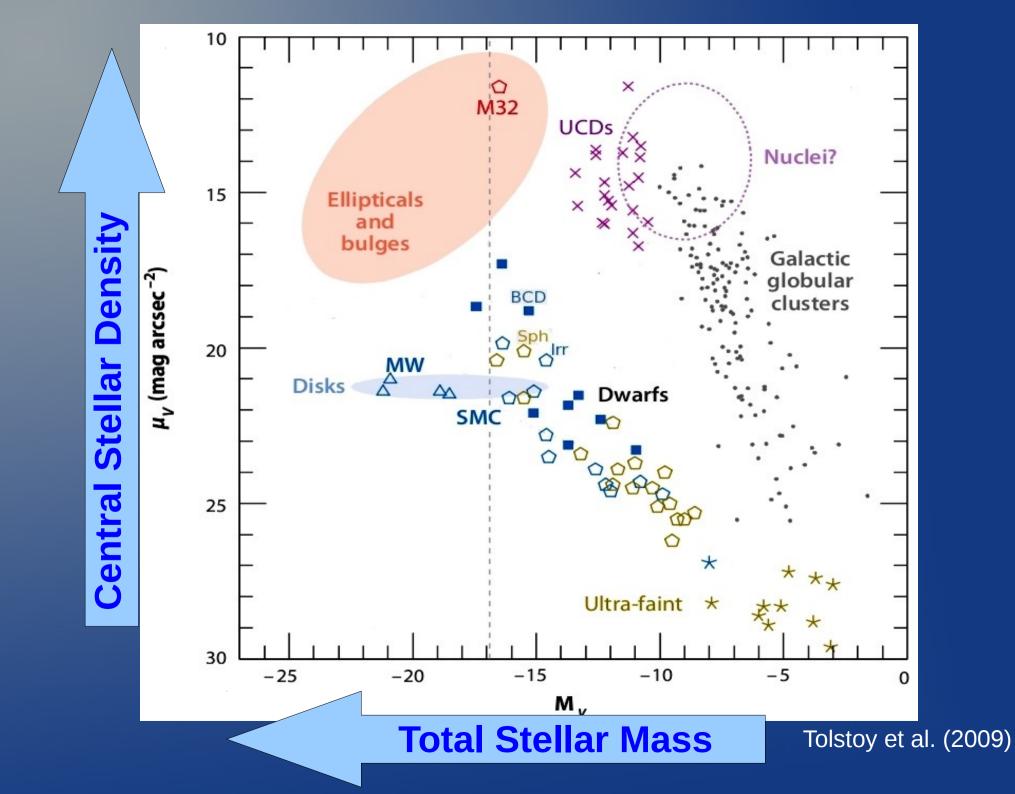


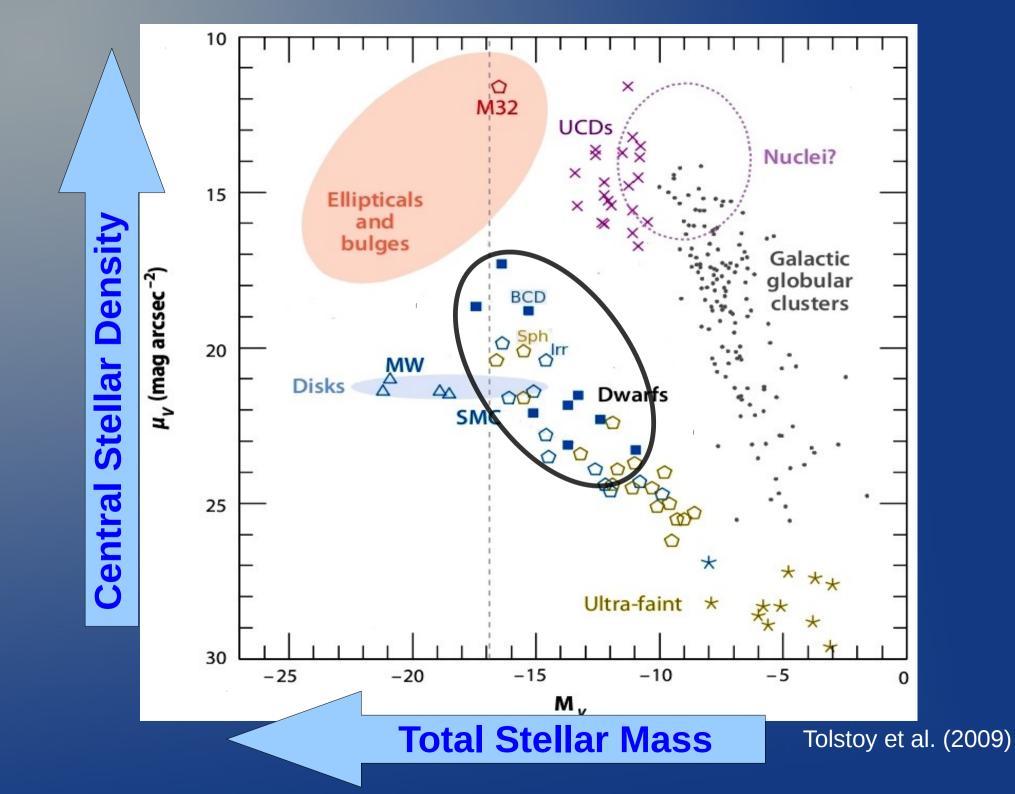
Density

Stellar

Central

Total Stellar Mass





Spheroidals

Irregulars

Starburst dwarfs



- Gas poor. No SF.
- Close to spirals or in galaxy cluster

Other names: dE, Early-Type Dwarfs - Gas rich. Low SF.

WLM

- Isolated, groups, or outskirts of clusters

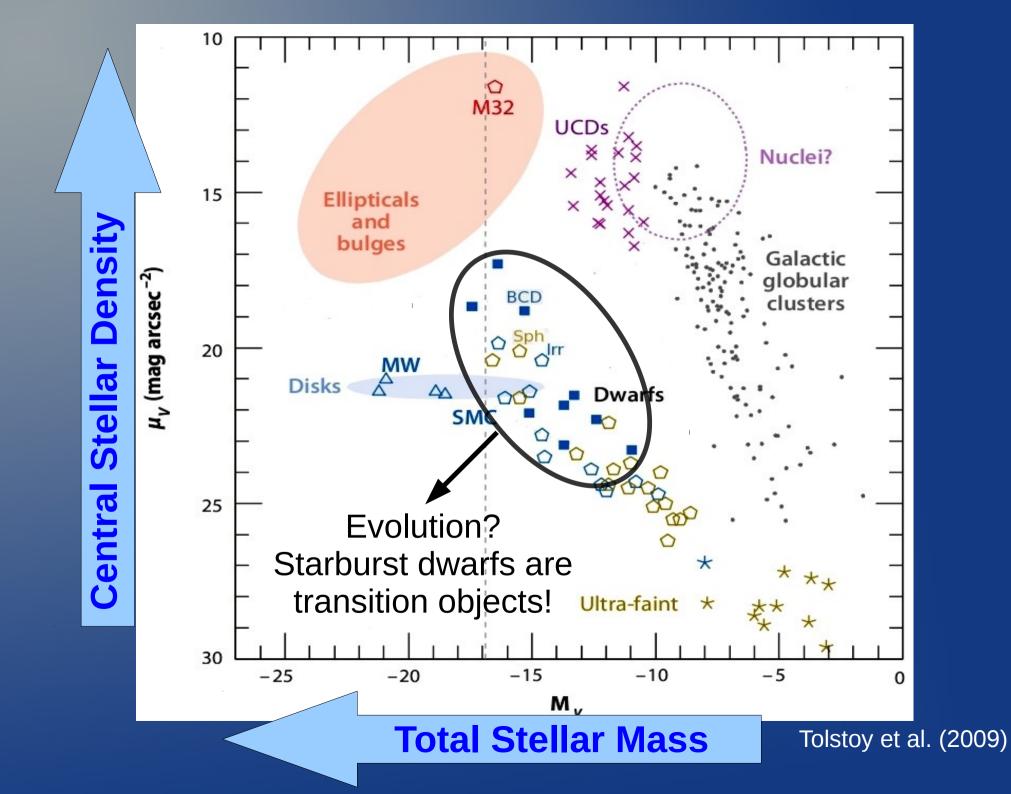


- Gas rich. Burst of SF.
- Isolated, groups, or outskirts of clusters

Other names:Other names:Im, Sm, Late-Type DwarfsBCDs, H_{II} gals, Amorphous

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Overview on Dwarf Galaxies



Evolution of Dwarf Galaxies

Gas-Rich Irr/BCD >> Gas-Poor dE/Sph

- Internal Mechanisms
 - <u>Starvation</u>: gas is consumed by SF and is not replenished
 - <u>Outflow</u>: gas is ejected by SN feedback (Dekel & Silk 1986)
- External Mechanisms
 - <u>Ram Pressure Stripping</u>: ICM or Hot Coronae (Gunn & Gott 1972)
 - <u>Tidal Stripping/Harassment</u>: Massive Gal. or Cluster (Moore+1998)

Evolution of Dwarf Galaxies

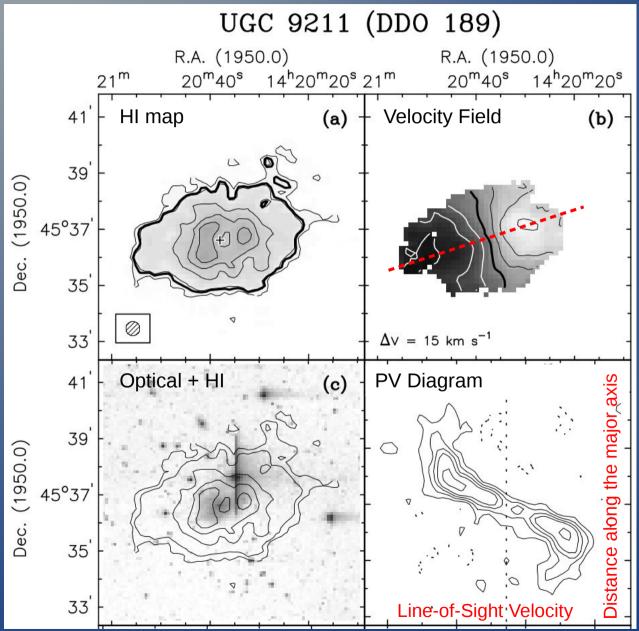
Gas-Rich Irr/BCD >> Gas-Poor dE/Sph

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Gas-Poor dE/Sph >> Gas-Rich Irr/BCD

- External Mechanisms
 - Gas Accretion from the IGM
 - Merger between Sph & Irr/BCD

Dwarf Irregulars are <u>very regular</u> in HI!



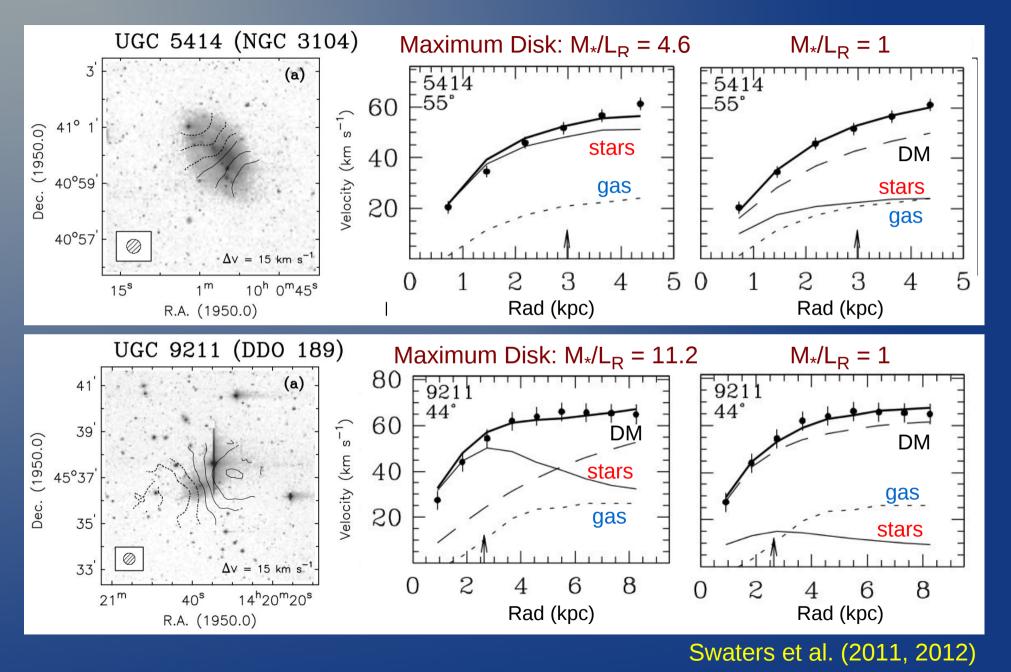
Swaters+(1999, 2002)
73 late-type dwarfs from WHISP survey
90% have regularly rotating HI disks
R_{HI} ~ 2 R_{opt} (as in spirals)

HI observations areessential to probe thekinematics at large radii(deep in the DM halo)

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Overview on Dwarf Galaxies

Irrs are DM dominated (using typical M_{*}/L)



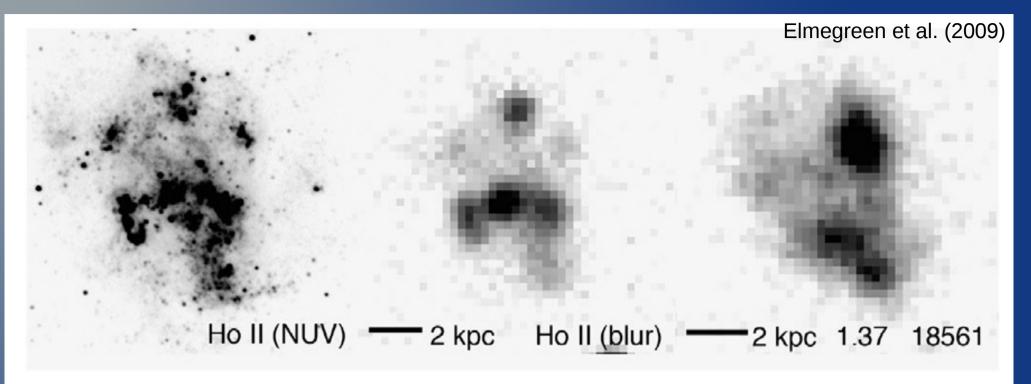
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Overview on Dwarf Galaxies

Starburst Dwarfs

In collaboration with Marc Verheijen, Filippo Fraternali & Renzo Sancisi

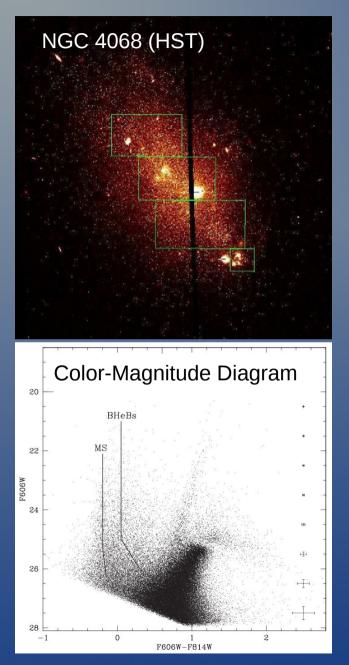
Starburst Dwarfs ~ High-z Galaxies?

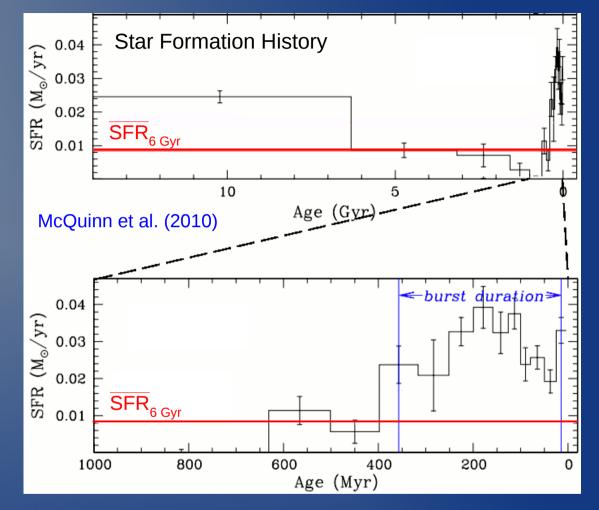


- Clumpy morphologies (e.g. Elmegreen+2009)
- High gas fractions: $M_{gas}/M_* > 1$ (e.g. Salzer+2002)
- Low metallicities: $Z < 0.3 Z_{\odot}$ (e.g. Izotov & Thuan 1999)

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Stellar populations in Starburst Dwarfs

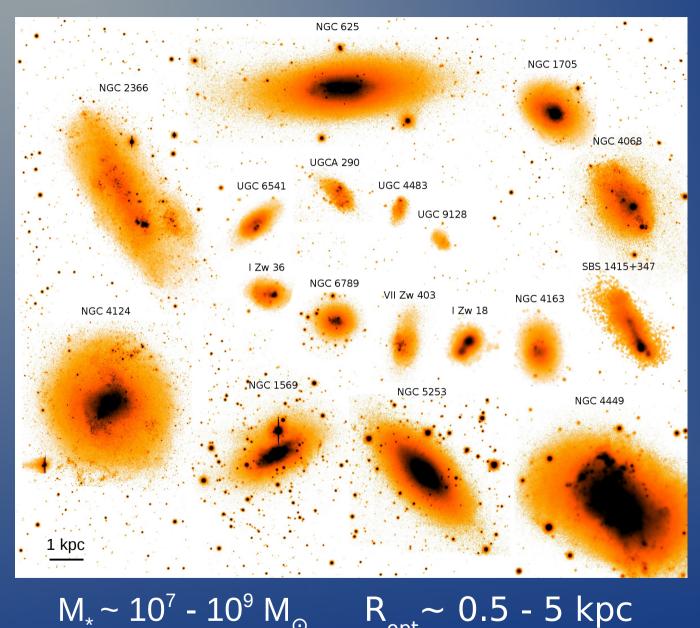




- Birthrate = SFR(t_{peak}) / SFR ≥ 3
- Starburst durations (few 100 Myr)
- Energies from SN & stellar winds

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Sample of 18 Starburst Dwarfs



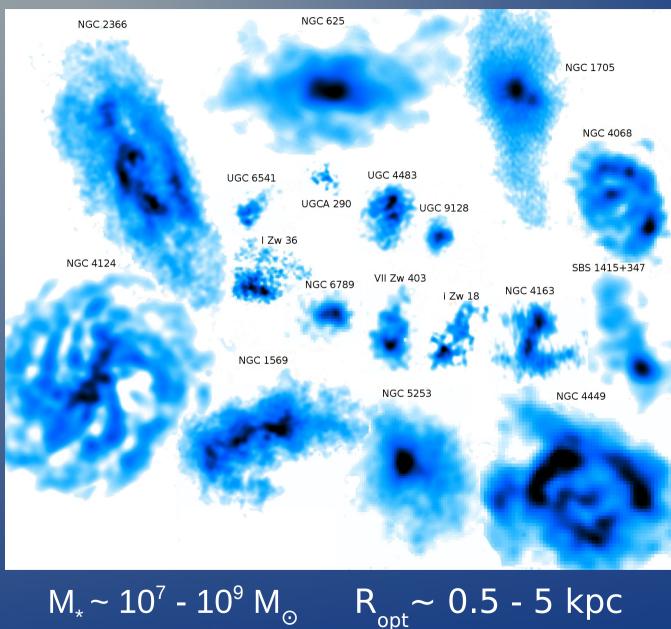
Resolved into single stars by HST obs: • Distance (< 5 Mpc)

- Star Formation History
- b = SFR(t_{peak})/SFR ≥ 3

Lelli, Verheijen & Fraternali (2014)

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Sample of 18 Starburst Dwarfs



Resolved into single
stars by HST obs:
Distance (< 5 Mpc)
Star Formation History
b = SFR(t_{peak})/SFR ≥ 3

21-cm line obs (VLA, WSRT, ATCA):

HI distribution

HI kinematics

Lelli, Verheijen & Fraternali (2014)

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Series of Papers on Starburst Dwarfs

I. Internal Dynamics & DM content

Lelli, Verheijen, Fraternali & Sancisi 2012a, A&A Lelli, Verheijen, Fraternali & Sancisi 2012b, A&A Lelli, Verheijen & Fraternali, 2014a, A&A

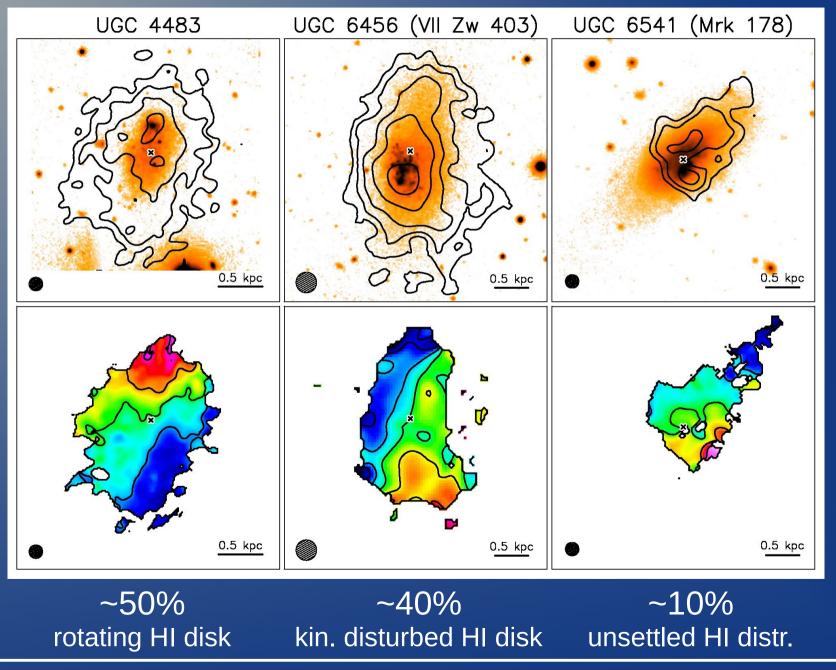
II. Dynamics & Galaxy Evolution
 Lelli, Fraternali & Verheijen 2014b, A&A
 McQuinn, Lelli, Skillman et al. 2015, MNRAS

III. Starburst Triggering Mechanism Lelli, Verheijen & Fraternali 2014c, MNRAS

Starburst Dwarfs I. Internal Dynamics

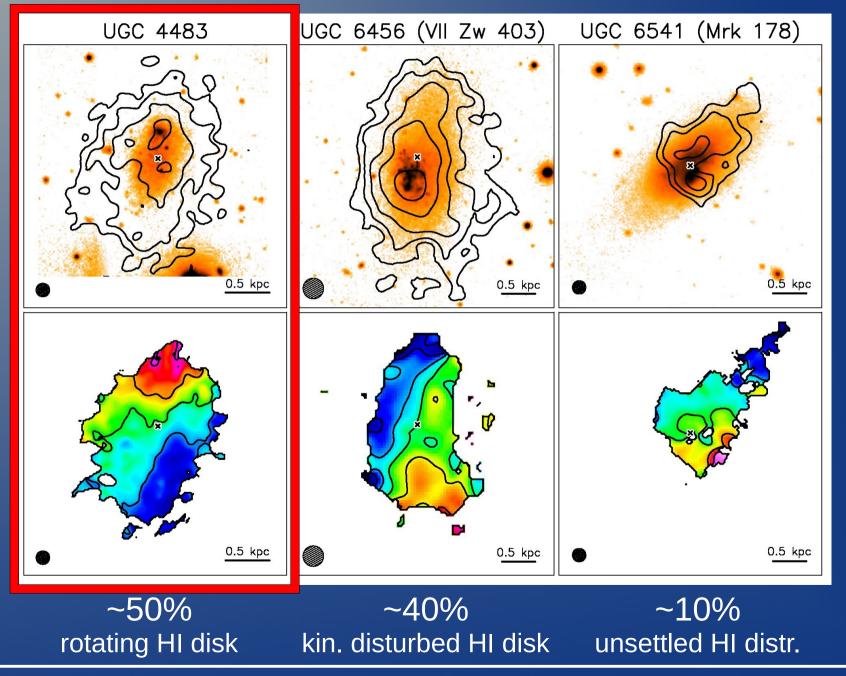
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HI Kinematics of Starburst Dwarfs



Federico Lelli (Case Western Reserve University)

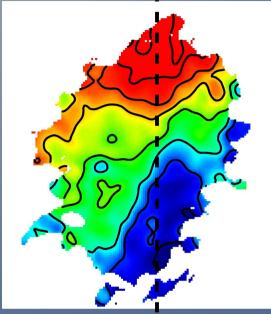
HI Kinematics of Starburst Dwarfs



Federico Lelli (Case Western Reserve University)

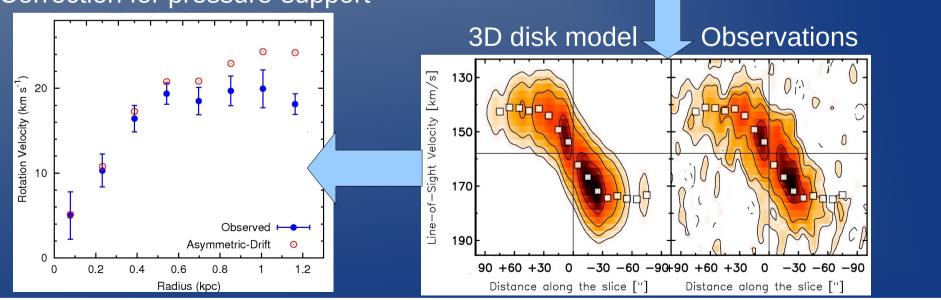
Derivation of the Rotation Curve

2D fit to the Velocity Field



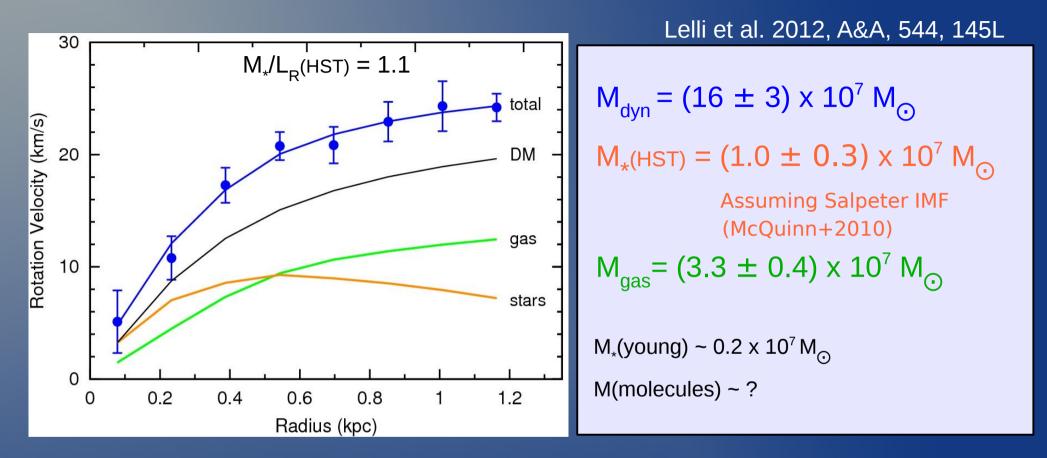
Rotation curve (+ center, V_{mc}, PA, incl.) Rotation Velocity (km s⁻¹) 20 $V_{rot} \sim 20 \text{ km/s}$ V_{rad} ~ 5 km/s 10 $\sigma_{_{\rm HI}} \sim 8$ km/s $V_{rot}/\sigma_{HI} \sim 2-3$ Ω 1.2 0.2 0.4 0.6 0.8 0 Radius (kpc)

Correction for pressure-support



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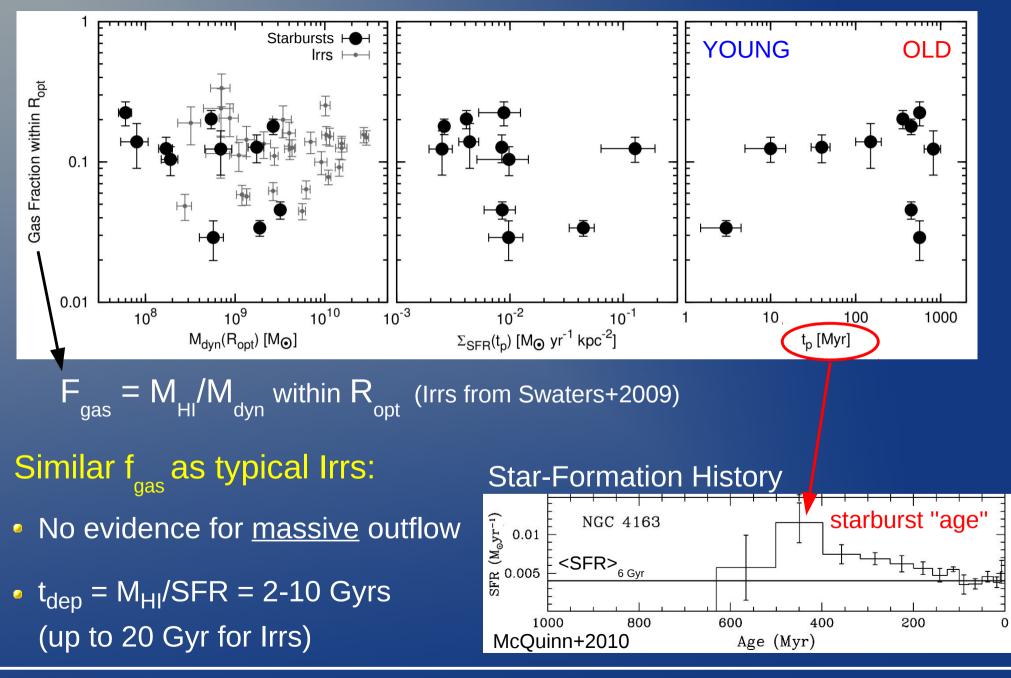
Mass Model Example: UGC 4483



At least ~30% of the mass within R_{opt} is baryonic (gas + old stars)

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Gas Fractions: Starbursts vs Irrs



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Starburst dwarfs

I Zw 18

Gas-poor Sphs

Gas Outflow or Starvation



NGC 205

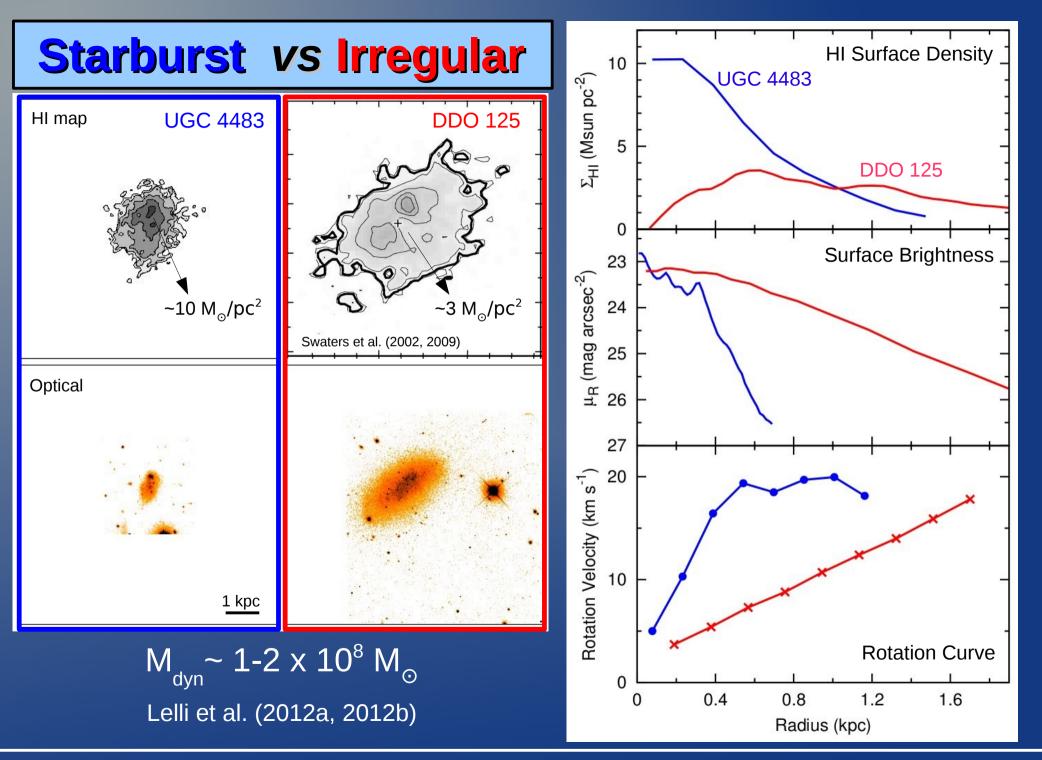
External mechanisms:

- ram-pressure stripping
 - (e.g. Gunn&Gott 1972)
- galaxy harassment (e.g. Moore+1998)
- tidal stirring (e.g. Mayer+2006)

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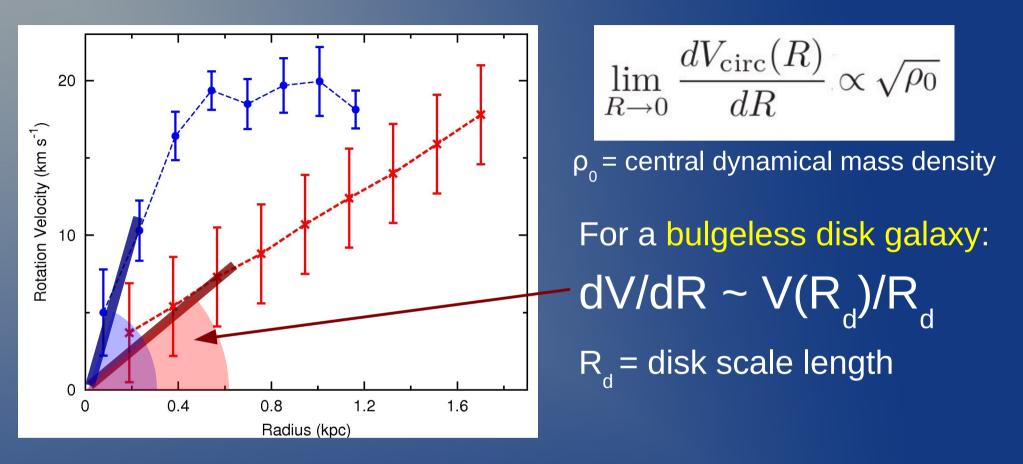
Starburst Dwarfs II. Dynamics & Evolution

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Inner Circular-Velocity Gradient

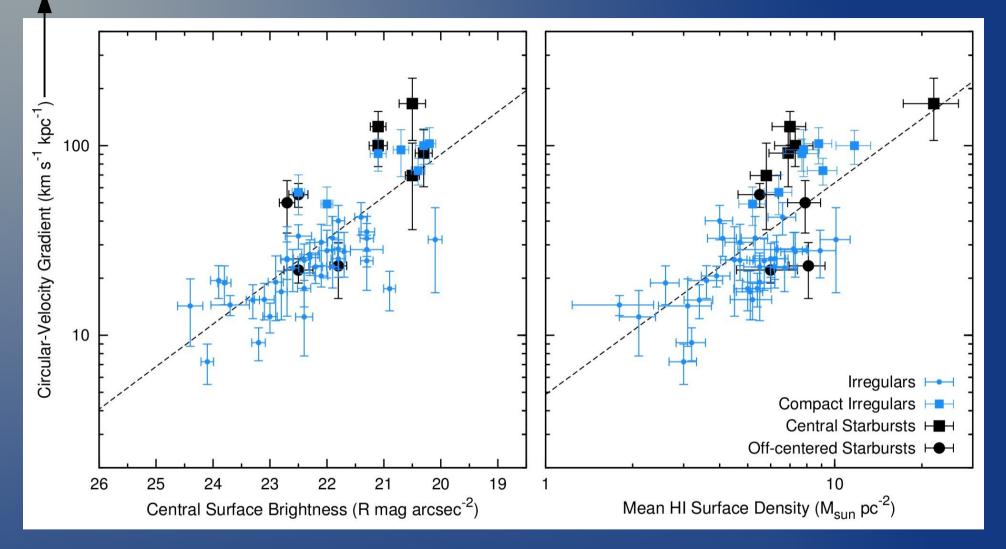


- Measure the inner shape of the potential well

- Equal to the angular speed along the solid-body part

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$(R_d)/R_d \propto \sqrt{\rho_0}$ Starbursts VS Irrs

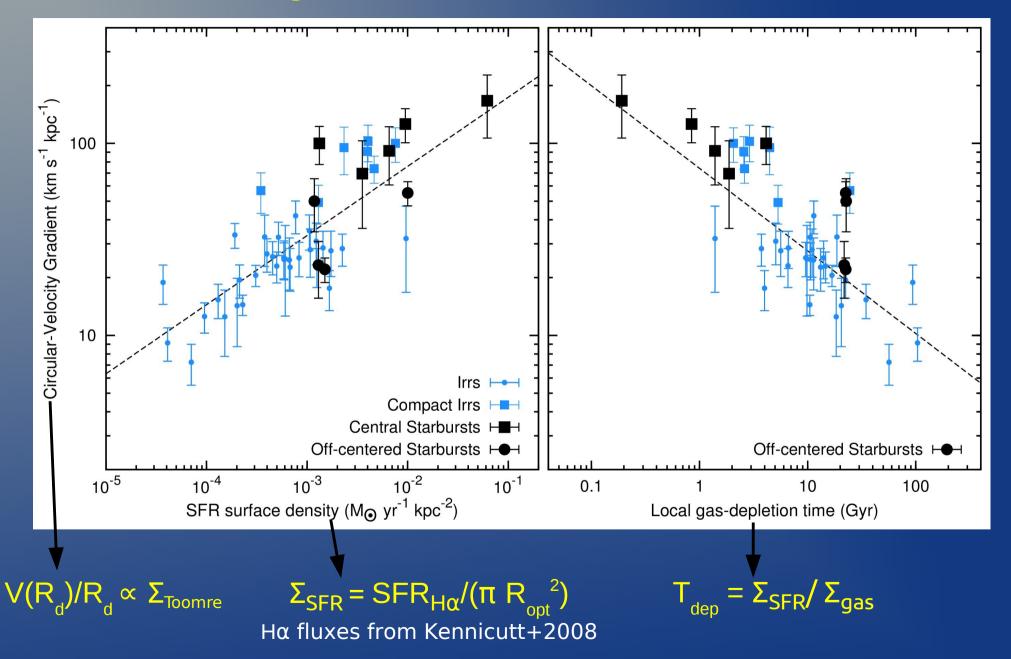


Link: Star Formation – inner potential well

Lelli, Fraternali & Verheijen 2014 (Irrs from Swaters et al. 2009)

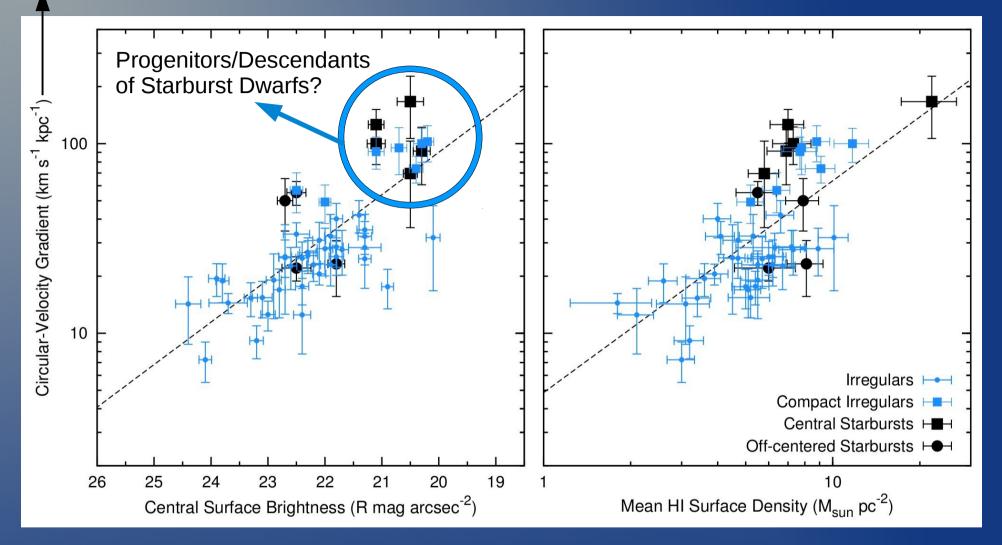
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Link: Dynamics - Star Formation



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V(R_d)/R_d ∝ √ρ₀ "Compact" Irregulars

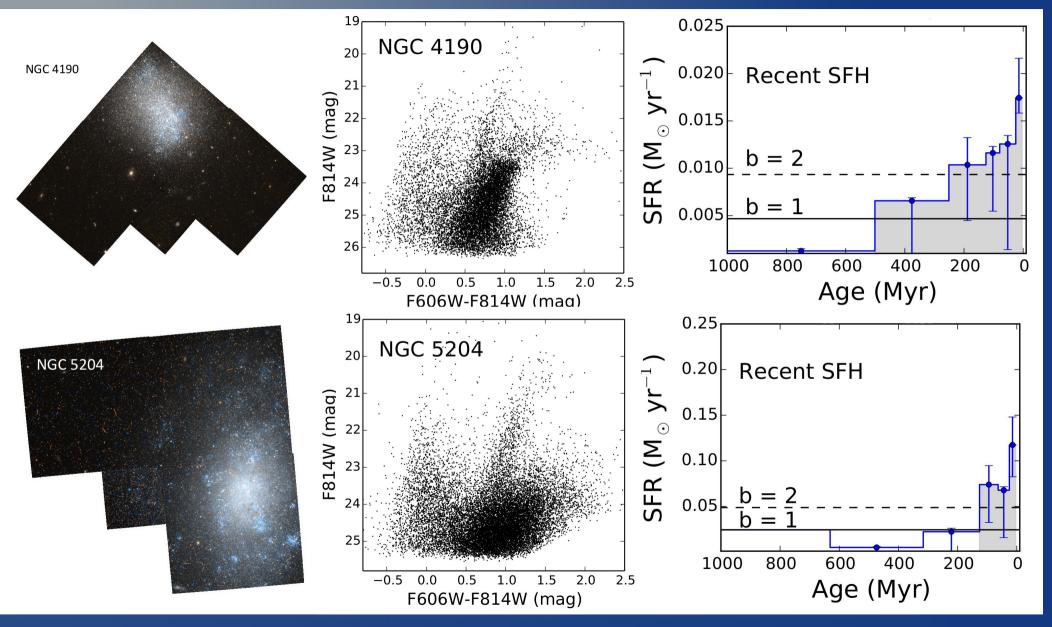


Link: Star Formation – inner potential well Compact Irrs = similar ρ_0 as starbursts

Lelli, Fraternali & Verheijen 2014 (Irrs from Swaters et al. 2009)

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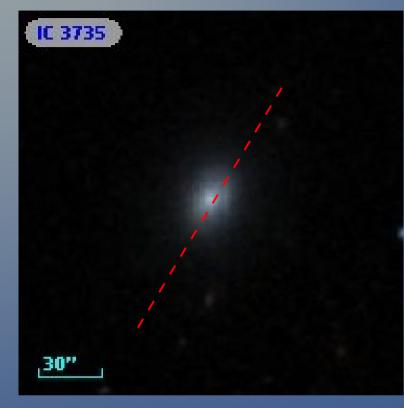
SF histories of "compact" Irrs



Some compact Irrs may be misidentifies starbursts! McQuinn, Lelli, Skillman et al. 2015

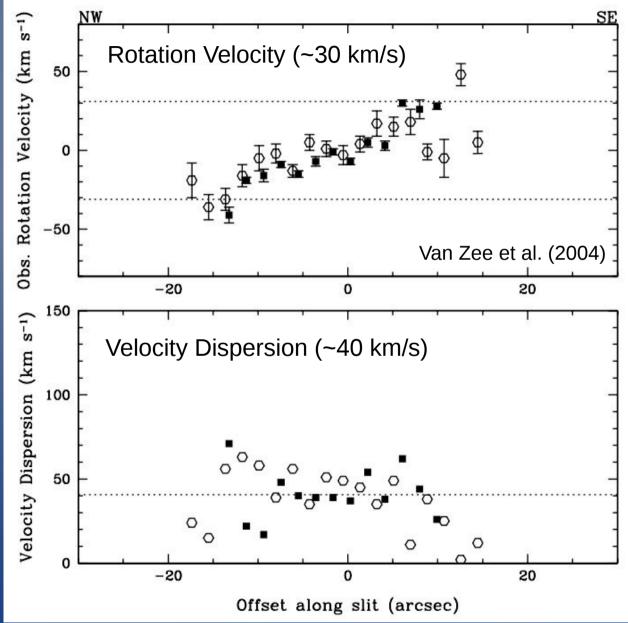
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Rotating dE/Sph in the Virgo Cluster



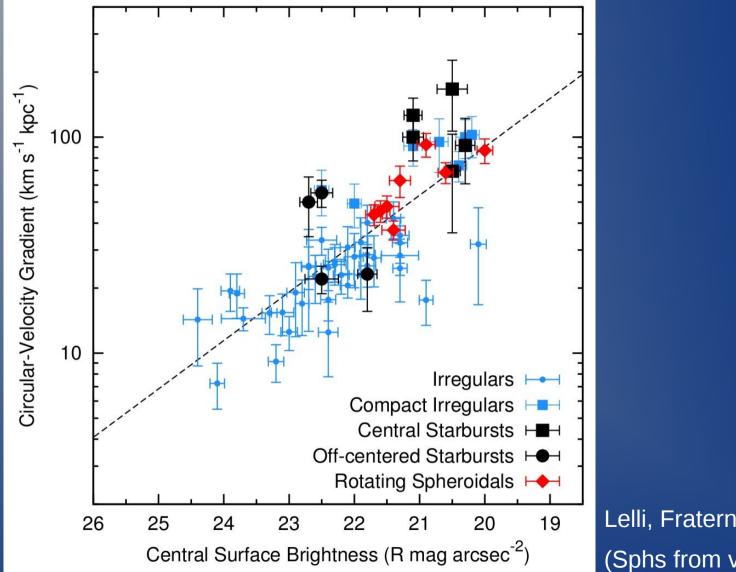
Optical Spectroscopy:

Geha et al. (2002, 2003) van Zee et al. (2004) Chilingarian et al. (2007, 2009) Toloba et al. (2011, 2012, 2014) Rys et al. (2013, 2014)



Federico Lelli (Case Western Reserve University)

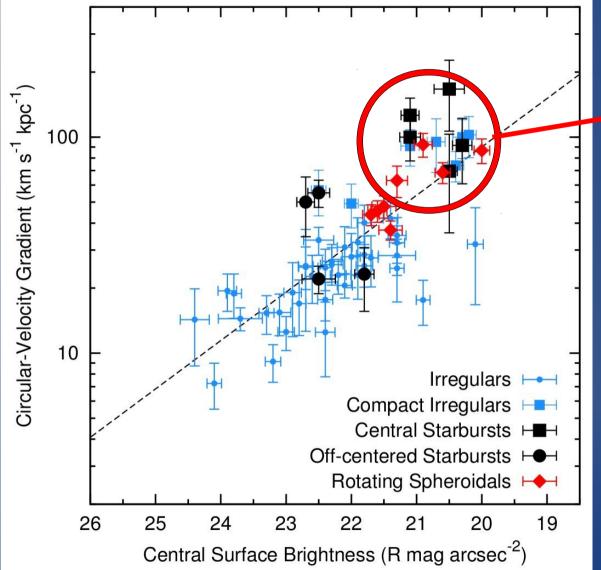
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Lelli, Fraternali & Verheijen 2014 (Sphs from van Zee et al. 2004)

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Rotating dE/Sph in the Virgo Cluster



Descendants of Starburst Dwarfs? Not of typical Irrs? Providing that some external mechanism removes the gas.

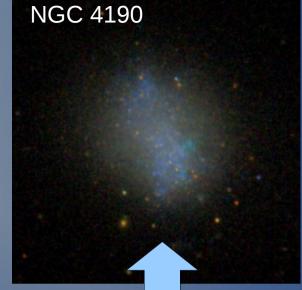
Lelli, Fraternali & Verheijen 2014 (Sphs from van Zee et al. 2004)

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Typical LSB Irrs



Compact HSB Irrs



Internal?



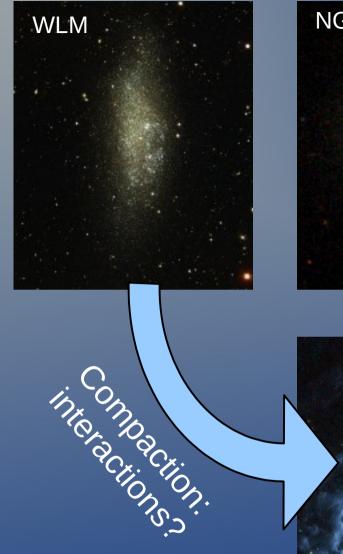
Rotating dEs



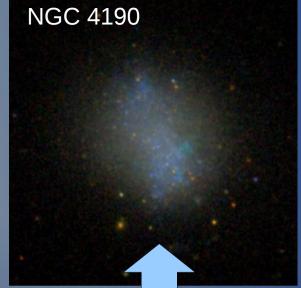
Bothun et al. (1986) Davis & Phillipps (1988) Papaderos et al. (1996)

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Typical LSB Irrs



Compact HSB Irrs



Internal?



Starbursts (~5%?)

Zw 18

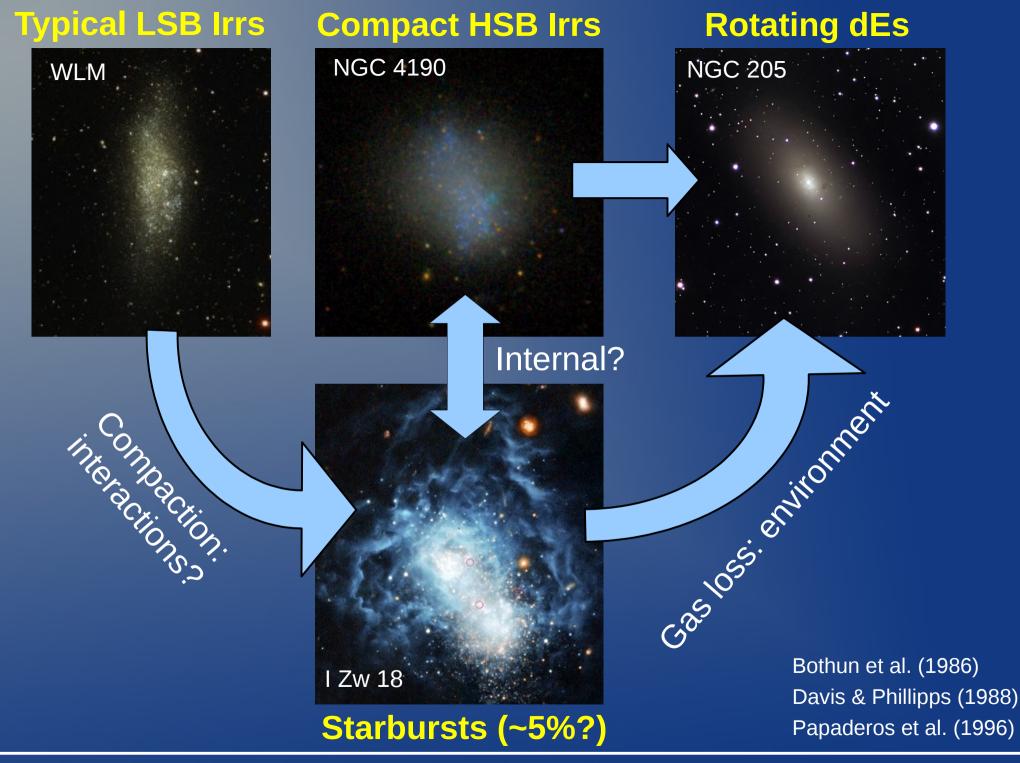
Rotating dEs



Bothun et al. (1986) Davis & Phillipps (1988) Papaderos et al. (1996)

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Starburst Dwarf Galaxies. II. Dynamics & Evolution



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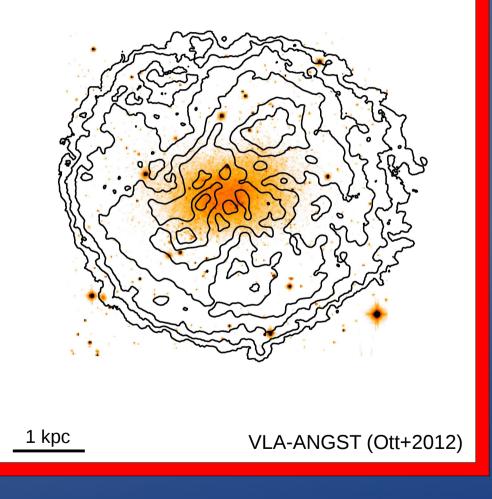
Starburst Dwarf Galaxies. II. Dynamics & Evolution

Starburst Dwarfs III. Triggering Mechanism

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Large-scale HI distribution

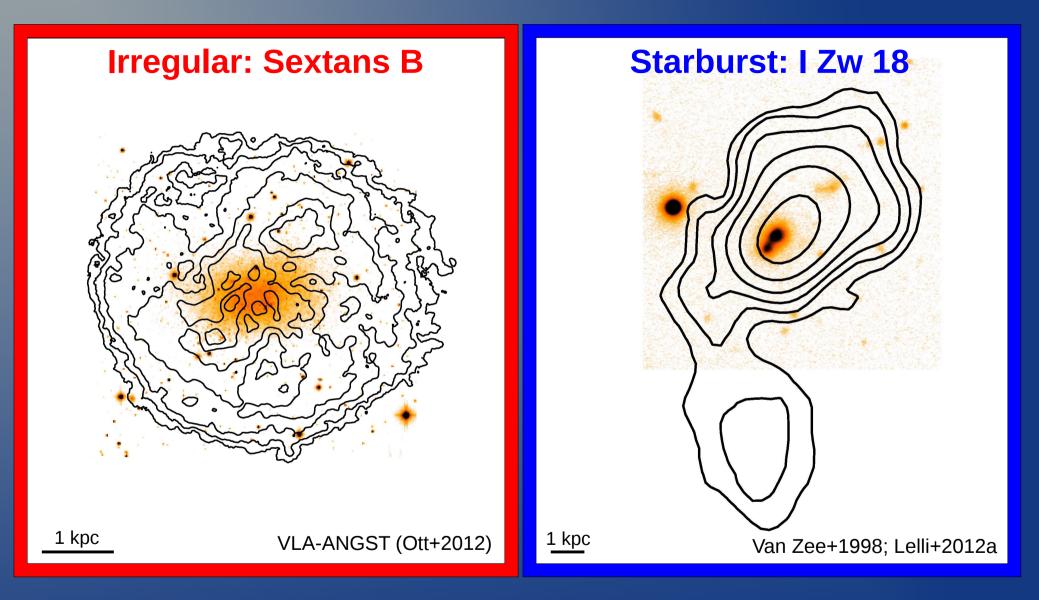
Irregular: Sextans B



Lowest HI contour = $5 \times 10^{19} \text{ cm}^{-2}$

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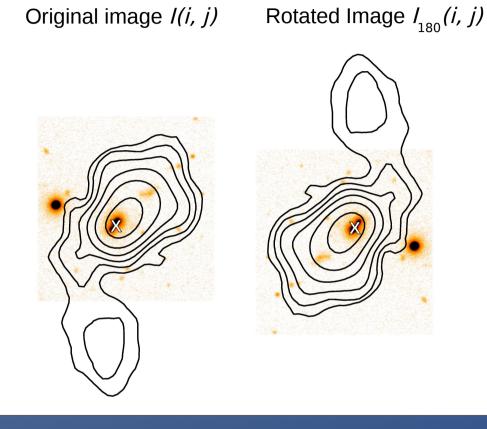
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Quantifying the outer HI Asymmetry



Standard A parameter (e.g. Bershady 2000, Holwerda+2011)

$$\mathcal{A} = \frac{\sum_{i, j} |I(i, j) - I_{180^{\circ}}(i, j)|}{\sum_{i, j} |I(i, j)|}$$

Our A parameter (Lelli+2014, MNRAS)

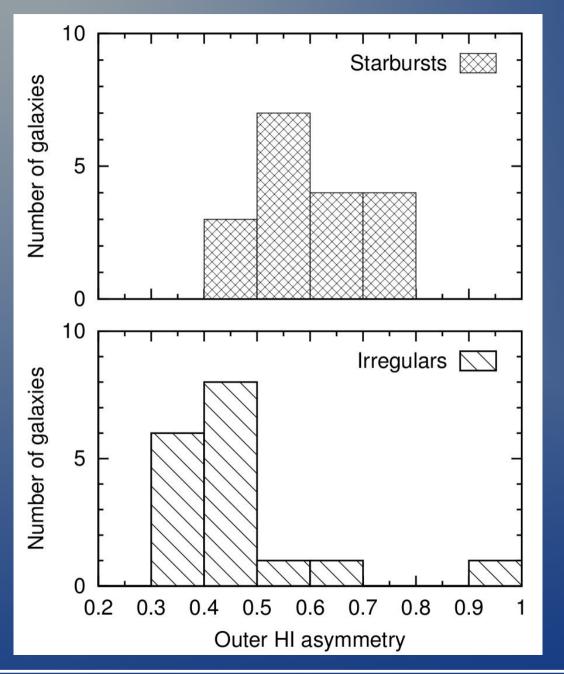
$$A = \frac{1}{N} \sum_{i,j}^{N} \frac{|I(i,j) - I_{180^{\circ}}(i,j)|}{|I(i,j) + I_{180^{\circ}}(i,j)|}$$

Good for outer regions!

For all galaxies:

- Uniform column density sensitivity
- Similar linear resolution (in kpc)

HI Asymmetry: Starbursts vs Irrs

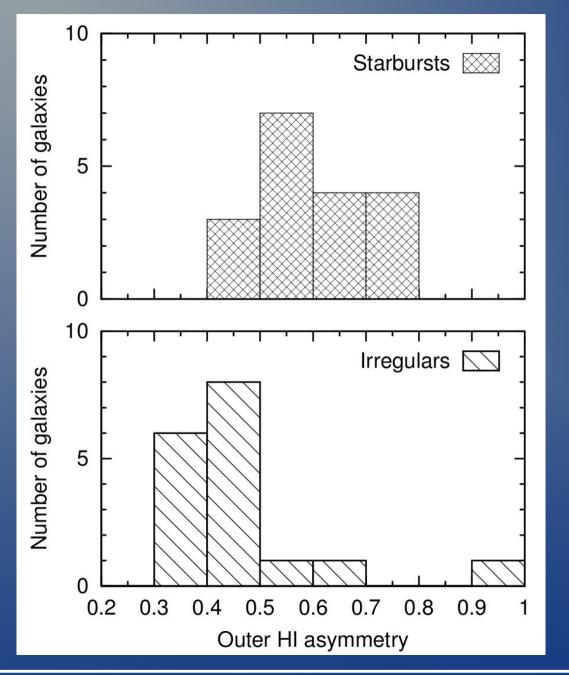


Starbursts have more asymmetric outer HI distributions than Irrs

Irrs from VLA-ANGST (Ott et al. 2012)

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HI Asymmetry: Starbursts vs Irrs



Starbursts have more asymmetric outer HI distributions than Irrs

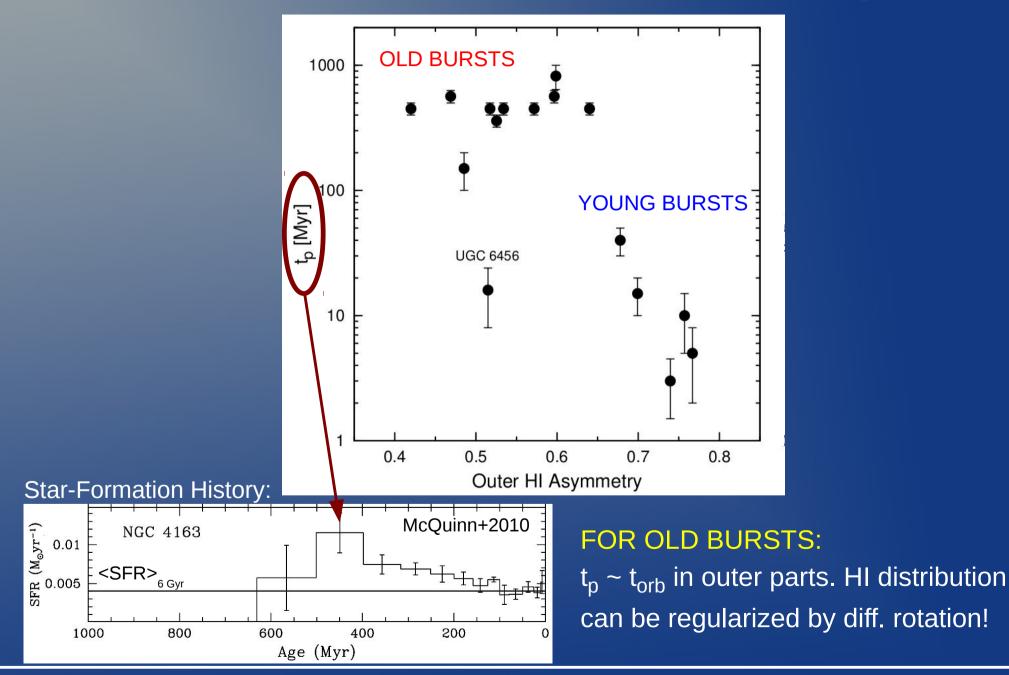
External mechanisms triggered the starburst: - Interactions/mergers? - Cold gas accretion? See also: Ekta & Chengalur (2010);

Lopez-Sanchez et al. (2010).

Irrs from VLA-ANGST (Ott et al. 2012)

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HI Asymmetry vs Starburst ''age''



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Summary on Starburst Dwarfs

Starbursts & Irrs have similar gas fractions

- No evidence for massive outflows or starvation
- Irr/Starburst --> dE/Sph: only with <u>external</u> mechanisms

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- Starbursts have high central mass concentrations
 - Star Formation <--> Inner Gravitational Potential
 - Starburst/BCD <--> <u>Compact</u> Irr or <u>Rotating</u> dE/Sph

Summary on Starburst Dwarfs

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Starbursts have asymmetric outer HI distributions

- Burst triggered by external mechanisms
- Interactions/mergers or cold gas accretion from the IGM

Tidal Dwarf Galaxies

In collaboration with Stacy McGaugh, Pierre-Alain Duc, Elias Brinks et al.

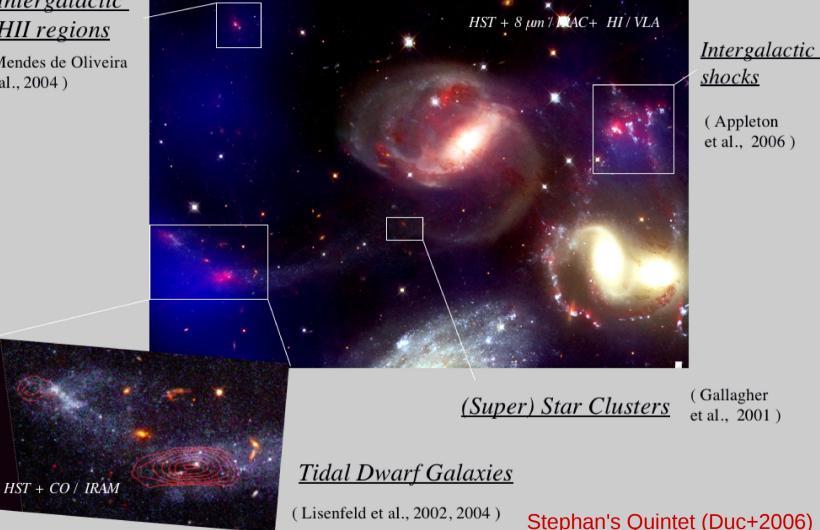
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What is a Tidal Dwarf Galaxy (TDG)?

Different types of objects are formed during interactions/mergers:

Intergalactic HII regions

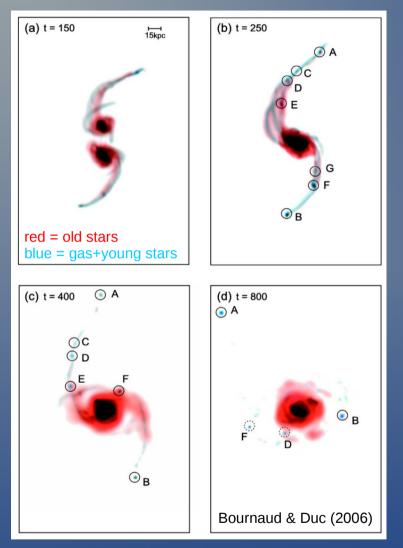
(Mendes de Oliveira et al., 2004)



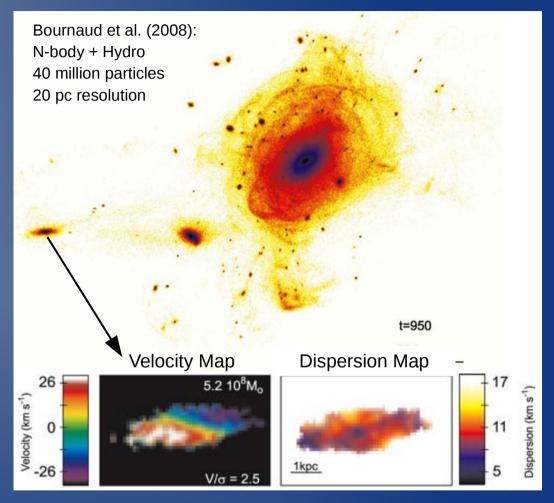
TDG candidates = Massive condensations of gas & young stars $(\sim 10^8 - 10^9 M_{sun})$

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TDGs from numerical simulations



Most massive TDGs can survive: How many dwarfs have tidal origin? (Bournaud & Duc 2006; Ploeckinger+2014, 2015)



Simulated TDGs are rotation supported and devoid of non-baryonic dark matter! (Barnes & Hernquist 1992; Elmegreen+1993; Duc+2004;

Bournaud & Duc 2006; Wetzestein+2007; Bournaud+2008)

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Prediction: TDGs should be free of DM!

- Tides have different effects on the dynamically-cold disc
 w.r.t. the dynamically-hot DM halo (e.g. Barnes & Hernquist 1992):
 - Disc --> tails, bridges, and eventually TDGs
 - Halo --> too dynamically-hot to form tails

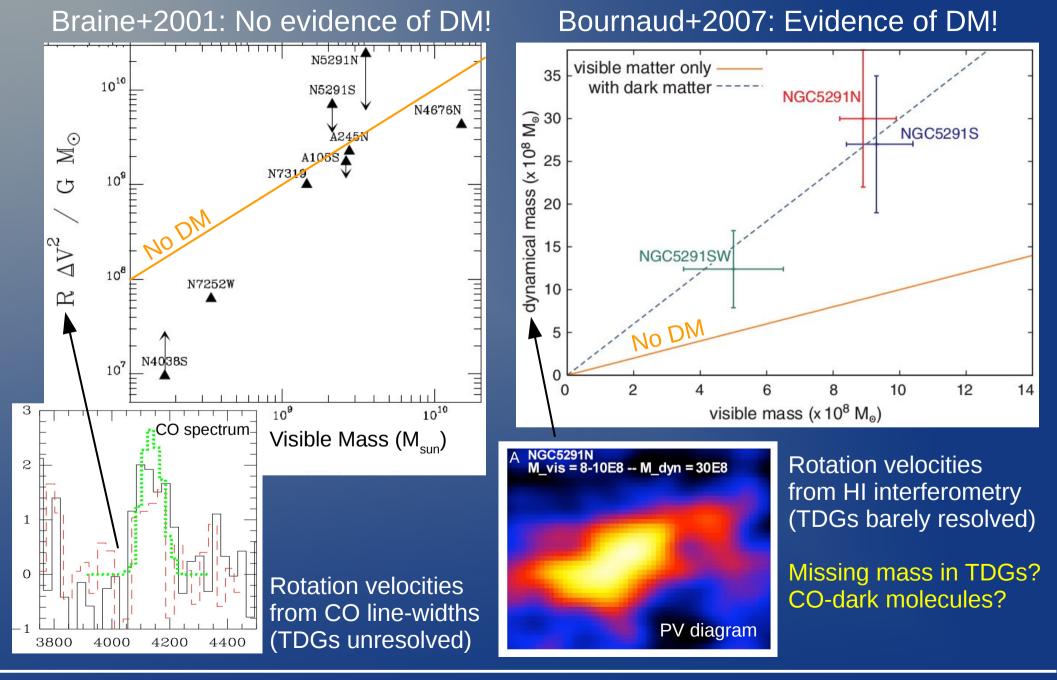
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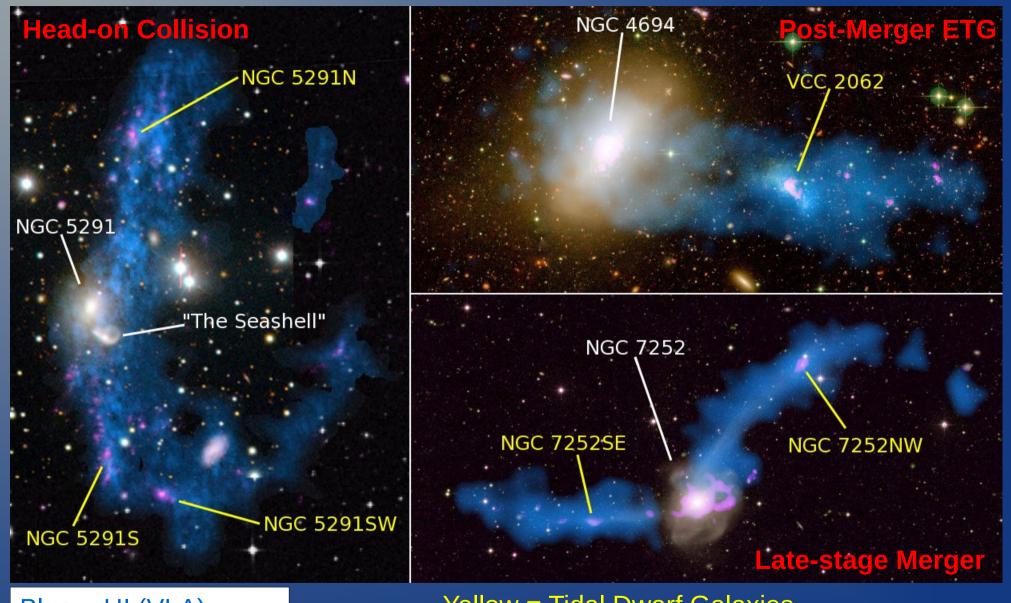
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 - Halo --> too dynamically-hot to form tails
- Baryons & DM are "segregated" in phase-space
- TDGs have shallow potential wells with $V_{rot} < 50$ km/s: They cannot accrete DM particles with $\sigma_v \sim 200$ km/s!

Previous kinematic studies on TDGs



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Sample of 6 bona-fide TDGs



Blue = HI (VLA) Pink = FUV (GALEX) Yellow = Tidal Dwarf Galaxies Lelli, Duc, Brinks et al. 2015, A&A

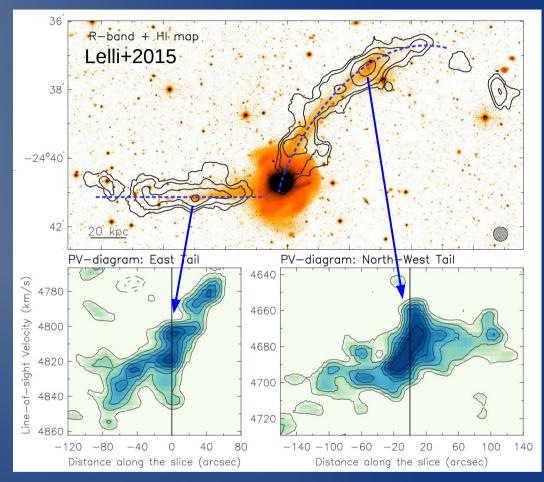
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Requirements to be a <u>bona-fide</u> TDG

1) High metallicities

8.8 Duc+2014 DGs 8.4 2 + log(O/H) Young TDGs SDSS 7.6 Nearby dlrrs -18-17 -16-15-14-19-13Μ.,

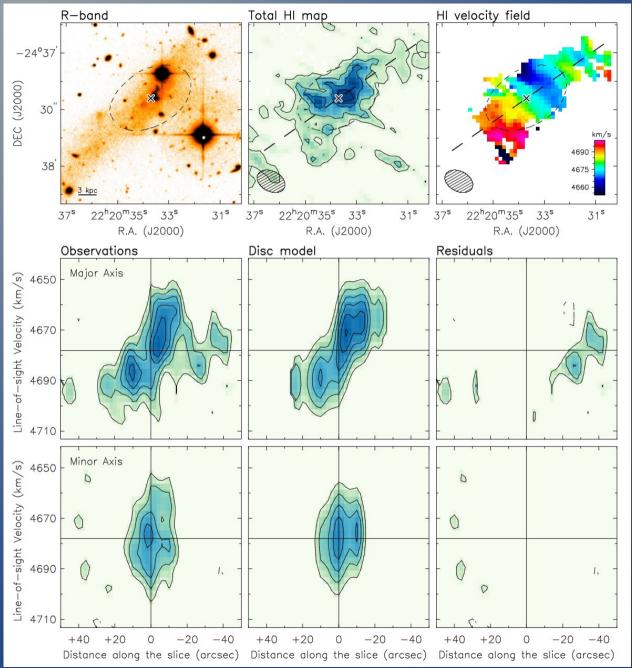
Young TDGs are forming out of pre-enriched material ejected from massive progenitors! 2) Kinematically distinct components



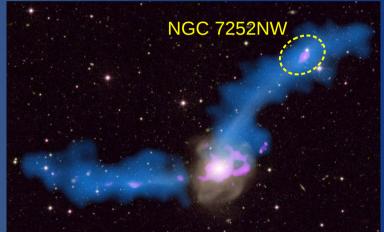
TDGs are associated with steep HI velocity gradients: rotation in a local potential well? Gravitationally bound?

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Rotating disk models for TDGs



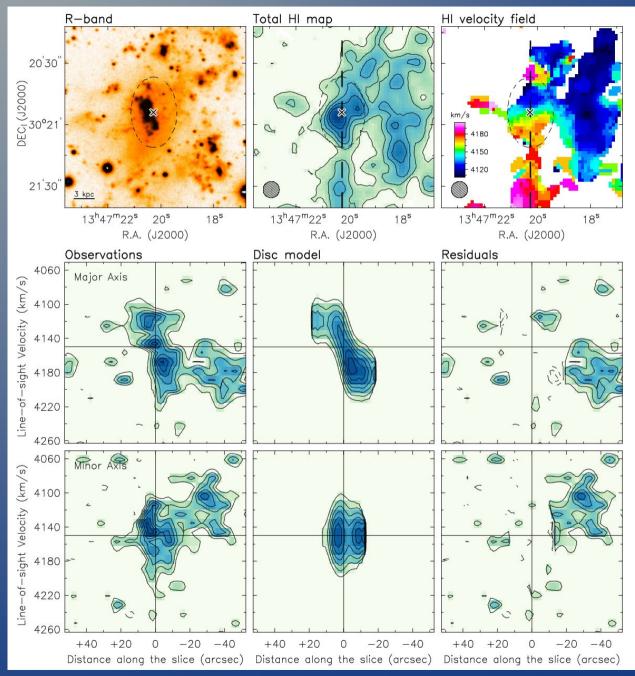
Lelli et al. (2015), A&A:
High-Res. VLA data
3D kinematical model



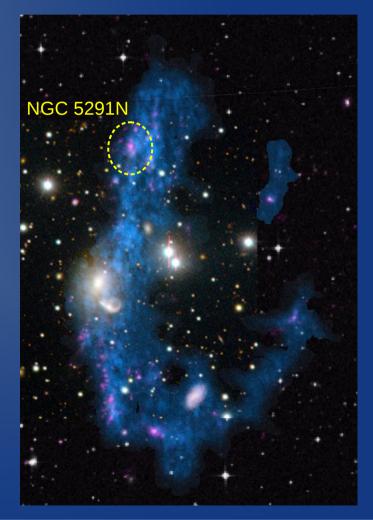
 $V_{rot} \sim 20$ km/s $R_{HI} \sim 8$ kpc $M_{gas}/M_{\star} \sim 8!!$

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Rotating disk models for TDGs



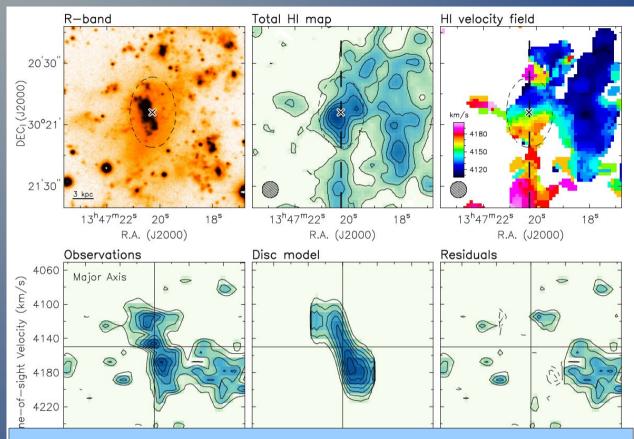
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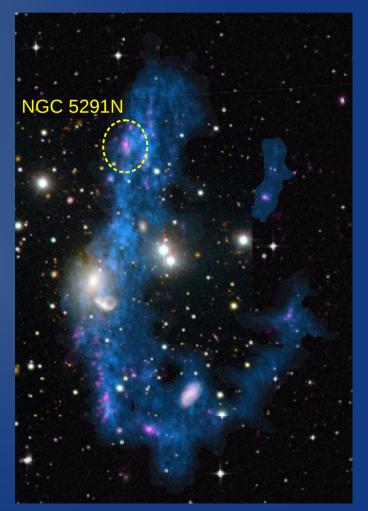
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Tidal Dwarf Galaxies: disc formation at z=0

Rotating disk models for TDGs



Puzzling Issue: t_{orb} > t_{merg} (or TDG "age") The disk didn't have time to make one orbit! Are TDGs in dynamical equilibrium? Lelli et al. (2015), A&A:
High-Res. VLA data
3D kinematical model



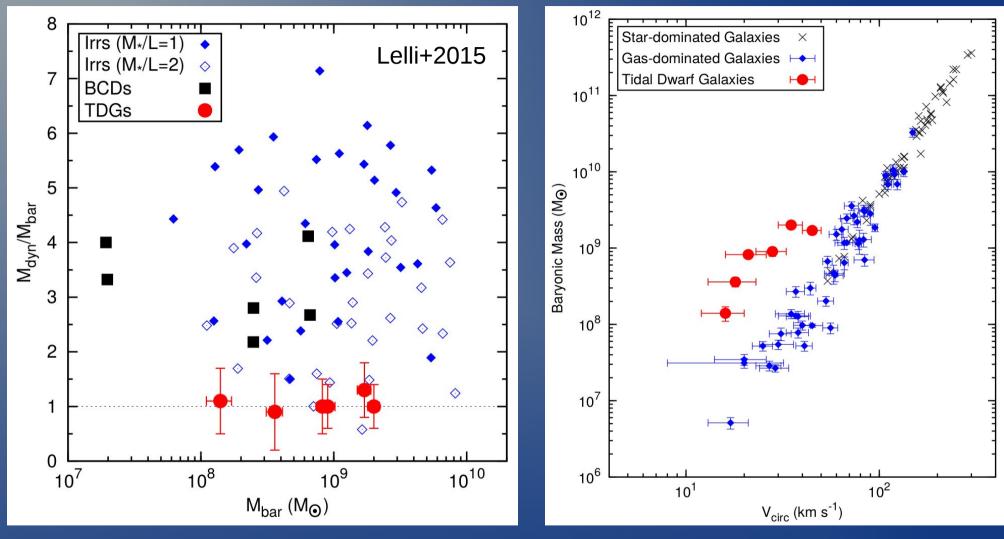
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Tidal Dwarf Galaxies: disc formation at z=0

IF TDGs are in dynamical equilibrium...

No Dark Matter! (as expected from simulations)

Deviation from the baryonic TF relation!

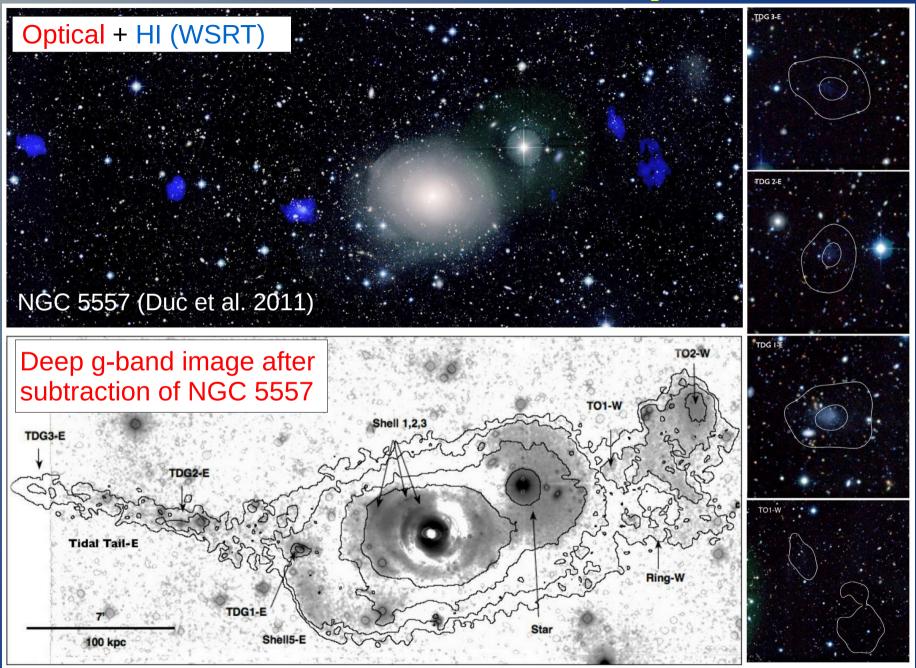


M_{dyn}/M_{bar} ~ 1! The high values reported by Bournaud et al. (2007) are <u>not</u> confirmed.

Caution: the shape of the rotation curve is uncertain. We may not be tracing V_{flat}

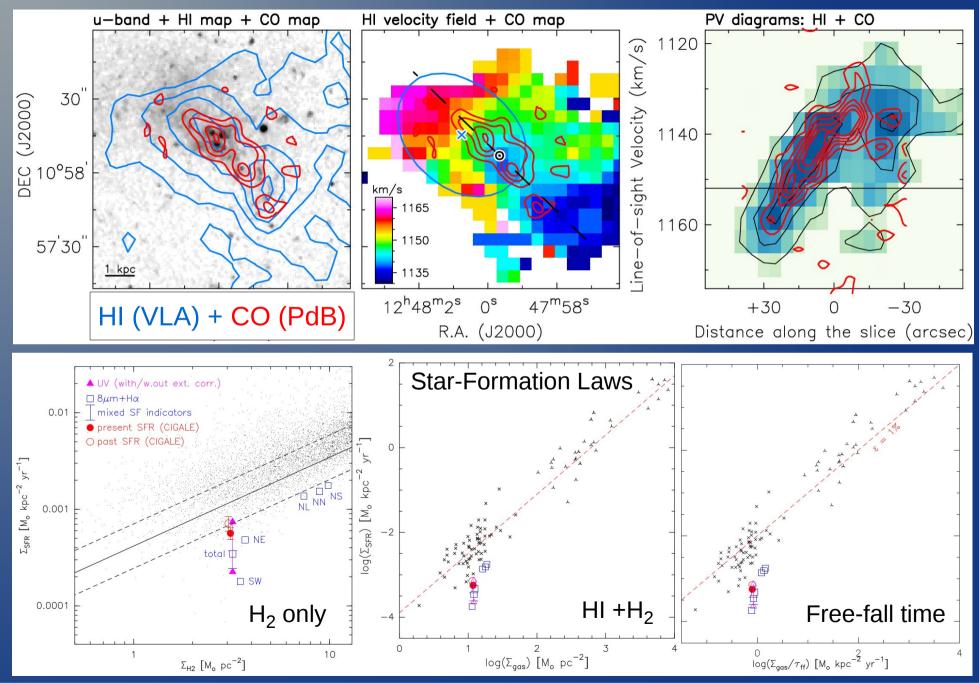
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Old TDGs around Ellipticals



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CO in VCC 2062 (Lisenfeld et al. submitted)



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Summary on Tidal Dwarf Galaxies

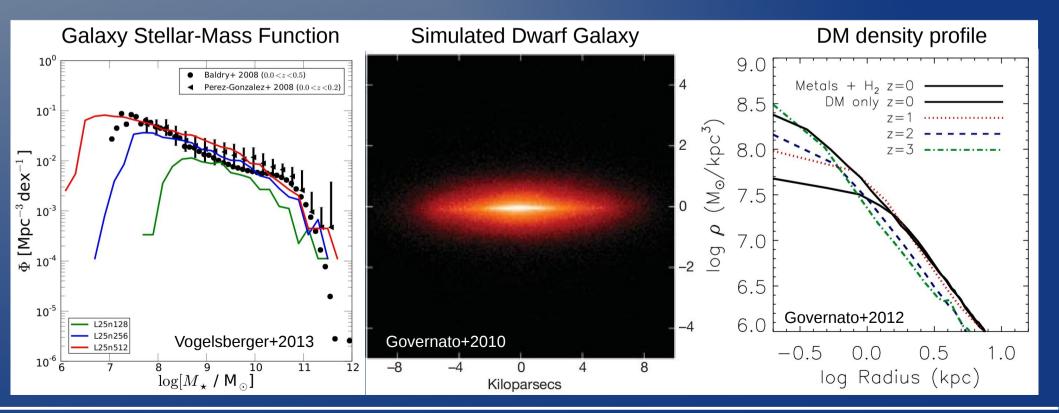
- Condensations of HI, molecules, and young stars: Masses, sizes, and SFRs similar to dwarf galaxies
- TDGs are associated with rotating HI disks: But they have undergone less than one revolution!
- IF TDGs are in dynamical equilibrium...
 No DM (as expected) and deviation from the BTF relation
- Future prospects to investigate the DM content: New HI data for ~10 TDG candidates (JVLA, GMRT) New CO(1-0) data from ALMA at high resolutions (~1")

More Slides

Starbursts in a cosmological context

Stellar feedback is invoked to solve several problems in LCDM:

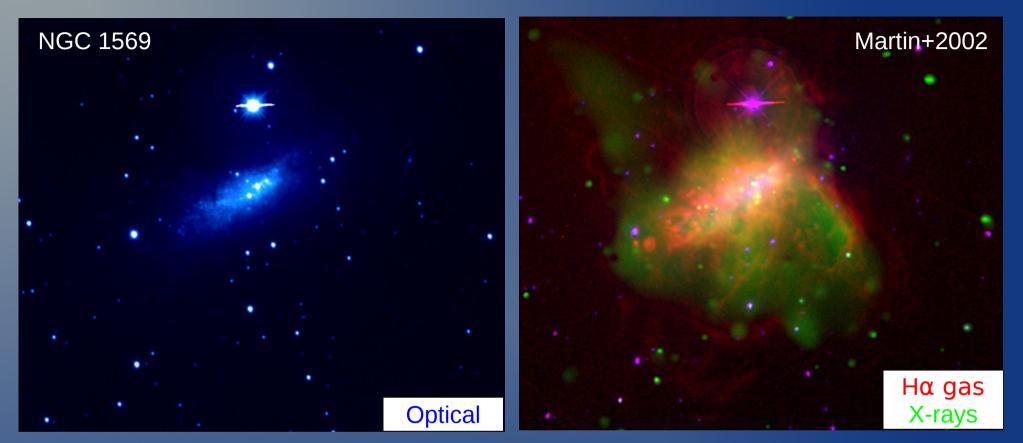
- number density of low-mass galaxies (e.g. Kauffmann+1993, Vogelsberger+2013)
- existence of bulgeless galaxies (e.g. Governato+2010, Brook+2011)
- CUSP-CORE problem (e.g. Navarro+1996, Oh+2011, Governato+2012)



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Starbursts Dwarf Galaxies. Introduction

Stellar Feedback in Starburst Dwarfs



- Velocity of the ionized gas does \underline{not} exceed V_{esc}

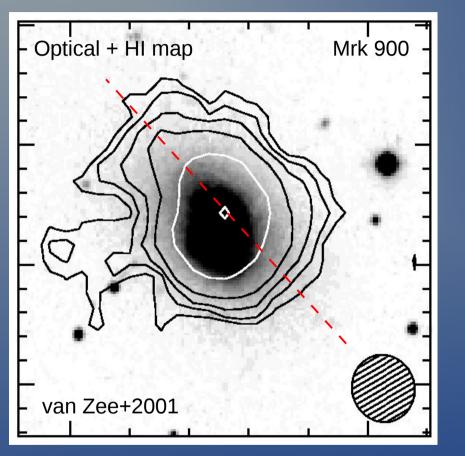
(e.g. Martin 1996, 1998; Schwartz & Martin 2004; van Eymeren+2009, 2010)

- Mass of the hot gas ~1% M_{HI} (e.g. Ott+2005)

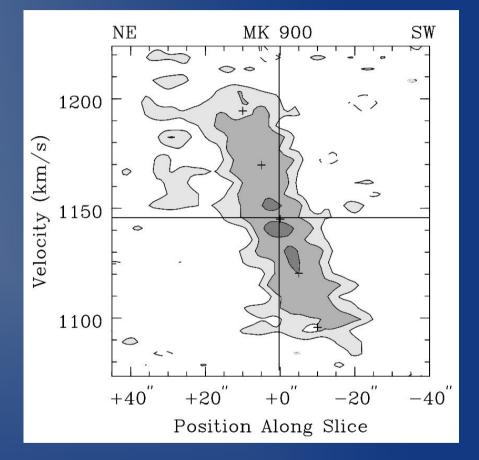
HI properties of Starburst Dwarfs

Strong HI Concentration

Steep Velocity Gradients



Central HI densities 2-3 higher than Irrs (e.g. Taylor+1994; van Zee+1998; vanZee+2001; Simpson & Gottesman 2000; Most+2013)

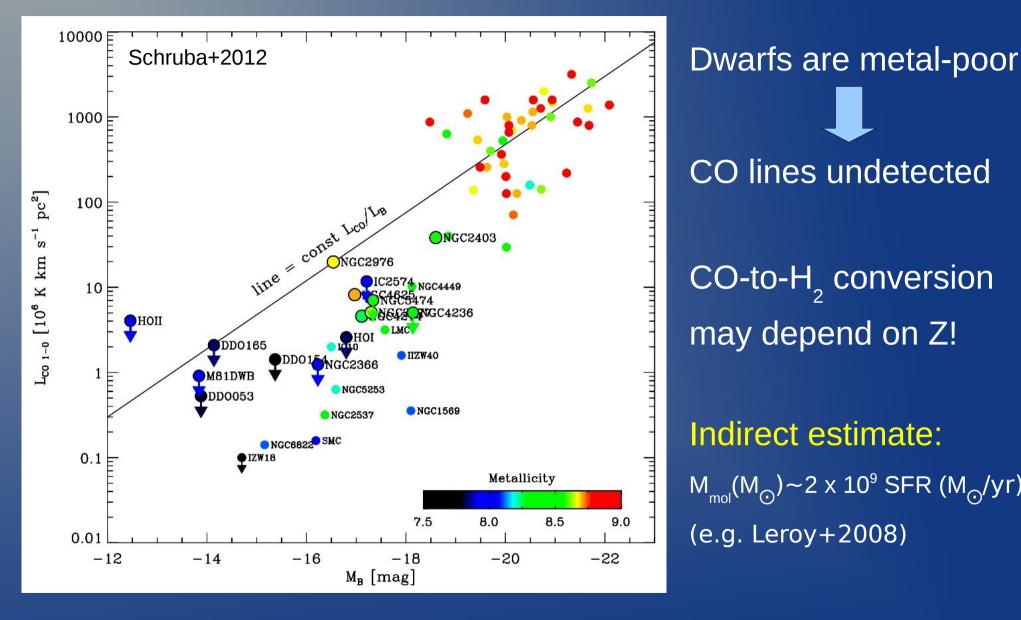


Fast rotation? Inflows/outflows? (e.g. Meurer+1996; Meurer+1998; van Zee+1998; van Zee+2001; Thuan+2004)

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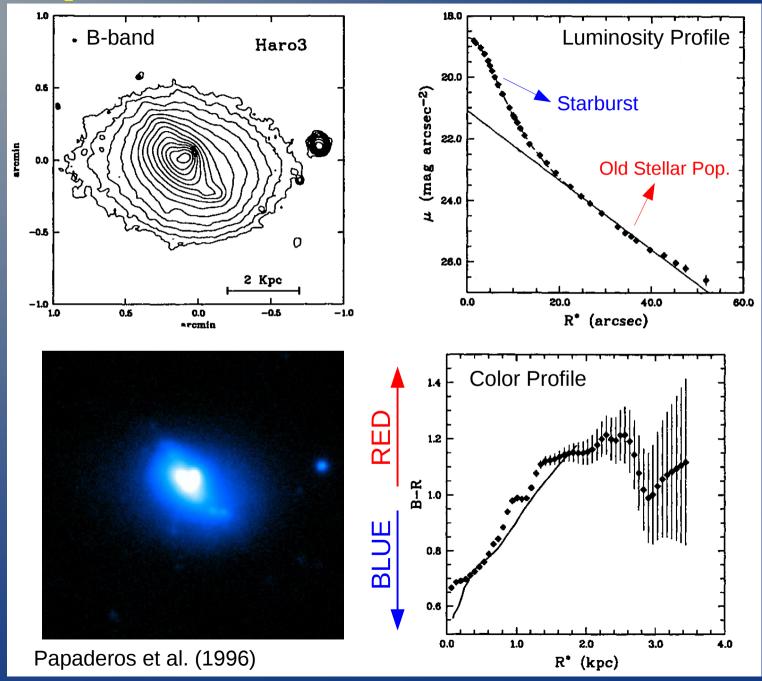
Starbursts Dwarf Galaxies. Introduction

Molecular mass is unknown...

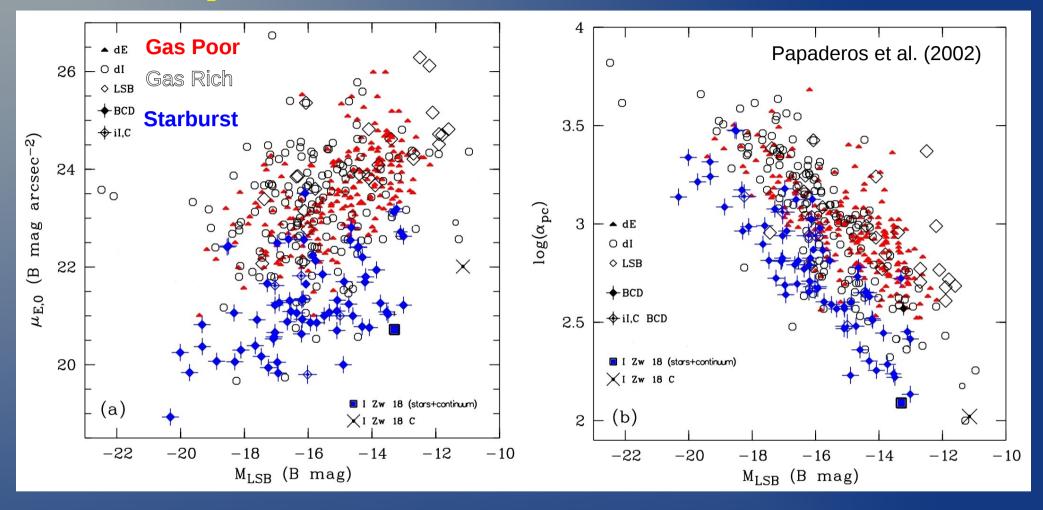


CO lines undetected CO-to-H₂ conversion may depend on Z! **Indirect estimate:** $M_{mol}(M_{\odot}) \sim 2 \times 10^9 \text{ SFR} (M_{\odot}/\text{yr})$

Optical Structure of BCDs



Optical Structure of BCDs



Old component of BCDs: $\mu_0 \sim 21.5 \text{ mag asec}^{-2}$ (Freeman value)

Papaderos et al. (1996, 2002); Salzer & Norton (1999); Cairos et al. (2001); Gil de Paz & Madore (2005); Amorin et al. (2009).